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> Complement or Substitute? The Effect of Technology on Student Achievement in India

> > June 3, 2008

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Abstract: Using a pair of randomized evaluations, I evaluate a computer assisted learning program designed to reinforce students understanding of material presented in class. The program was implemented in both an in-school and out-of-school model allowing me to assess different strategies for integrating the technology into the existing schools. The effect of the program critically depends on the method of implementation. The program was a poor substitute for the teacher delivered curriculum and as a result, the in-school model caused students to learn significantly less than they otherwise would have learned (-0.57 standard deviations). When implemented as a complement to the normal program in the out-of-school model, however, the program generated average gains of 0.25 standard deviations reflecting small positive (but statistically insignificant) gains by most students and large positive gains by the weakest and older students in the class (from 0.4 to 0.09 standard deviations). The results emphasize the importance of understanding how new technologies and teaching methods both interact with existing resources and differentially affect students with different needs and abilities.

Keyworke Education, Development, Computer Assisted Learning

JEL Codes: [21, 128, O15

¹ As is typical of an undertaking of this magnitude, this project would not have been completed without the assistance of a number of people. Of the many who assisted in this research peoplet, a few madie especiality important constraints. Parking Jain and Zalik Kavi of Gyun Shala are responsible for the management of the data collection activities and the intervention. Nandit Bust provided vary valuable necessita assistance, both conducting field insure items with a stackers and assisting with data analysis. I am intelbulous fasher Define and Ablight Bustopie for helpful organisms and consumers. The intervention and evaluations were funded by Info@vv. All crosss are, of course, my own, and any correspondence can be sent to me at leigh, Indoor Ostantshizeds.

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small positive (but statistically insignificant) gains by most students and large positive gains by the weakest and older students in the class (from 0.4 to 0.69 standard deviations). The results emphasize the importance of understanding how new technologies and teaching methods both interact with existing resources and differentially affect students with different needs and abilities.

June 01, 2008